WebAssembly stringrefs/

## Stringrefs

- Reference-typed strings in
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- https://github.com/wingo/

## Agenda

Motivation stringrefs

- Overview: Goals, Requirements, Design, Proposal
- Open questions / feedback
- https://github.com/wingo/

# Motivation

Three examples of suboptimality

 $\sim$  C++ on the web: double copies, memory capability

Java on web: DOM access expensive, code duplication

Component model: from single copy to zero copy

#### C++on the web

	A	https:// <b>gi</b>
		<b>V</b> 1
)	97	function o
	98	// For f
	99	var toC
100		'strin
1	01	var
1	02	if (
1	.03	11
1	04	Va
1	05	re
1	.06	st
1	07	}
1	.08	retu
1	09	},
1	10	'arrav

thub.com/emscripten-core/emscripten/blob/main/src/preamble.js

```
ccall(ident, returnType, argTypes, args, opts) {
fast lookup of conversion functions
= {
ng': function(str) {
ret = 0;
(str !== null && str !== undefined && str !== 0) { // null string
 at most 4 bytes per UTF-8 code point, +1 for the trailing '\0'
ar len = (str.length << 2) + 1;
et = stackAlloc(len);
tringToUTF8(str, ret, len);
```

urn ret;

```
v': function(arr) {
```

```
https://github.com/emscripten-
core/emscripten/blob/main/src/
preamble.js#L100
```

#### C++on the web

length) **Requires JS** 

- Double-copy (first to stack then to where you need it)
- NUL termination (have to scan again for
- Can't represent NUL codepoints
- Requires read/write capability on whole memory
- Requires that users wrangle malloc
- Similar problems in other direction

#### C++on the web

#### Also it's buggy :)

8	https://git
)144	var u
145	<mark>if</mark> (u
146	var
147	u =
148	}
	1.0.1

thub.com/emscripten-core/emscripten/blob/main/src/runtime\_strings.js

```
= str.charCodeAt(i); // possibly a lead surrogate
>= 0xD800 && u <= 0xDFFF) {
u1 = str.charCodeAt(++i);
0x10000 + ((u & 0x3FF) << 10) | (u1 & 0x3FF);</pre>
```

#### https://github.com/emscriptencore/emscripten/issues/15324

#### Java on the web

units

JS strings are exactly what Java needs: immutable sequences of 16-bit code

- But all Java can do is GC array of u16 GC allocation on Java/JS boundary
- Penalizes access to DOM
- Penalizes JS/Java interaction
- Needlessly ships second string facility

#### Component Components are isolated model

- JIT compilation of adapters for concrete representations
- Linear memory strings always copied at least once between components
- Strings in GC memory: same (because mutability)
- Could do better if WebAssembly had immutable stringrefs

Communication via abstractlytyped interfaces

#### Why not u16 arrays?

- You can implement GC in linear memory, but it is terrible
- On web, GC is right there, let's use it
- Same argument for JS strings
- Implies growing WebAssembly platform for non-JS hosts
- But, immutable stringrefs also good for component model

#### Why not a library?

or component barrier MVP

- Duplication: Host already has strings
- Duplication: Avoid library per module or component
- Inefficiency: Module boundary is a
- Platform effects: Strings are interop

#### Goals

• Enable programs compiled to WebAssembly to efficiently create and consume JavaScript strings

Provide a good string implementation that many languages implemented on top of the GC proposal would find useful

- Zero-copy string passing between JS and Wasm
- No new string implementations on the web
- Allow WTF-8 or WTF-16 internal representations
- Allow WTF-16 code unit access
- Allow string literals in element sections

## Req'ts

Design

stringviews

#### The tension:

- Source languages: UTF-8 for Rust, WTF-16 for Java, codepoint access for Python...
- Implementations: WTF-16 for V8, UTF-8 for wasmtime...
- Solve via common-denominator stringref plus encoding-specific

#### Proposal

string typed v A strin scalar v Can obt iterator

- stringref is new opaque referencetyped value, like externref
- A stringref is a sequence of Unicode scalar values and isolated surrogates
- Can obtain WTF-8, WTF-16, codepoint iterator "views" on a stringref

#### stringref

-> bytes:i32 -> bytes:i32 -> bytes:i32 -> bool:i32

```
(string.new wtf8 $memory ptr:address bytes:i32)
  -> str:stringref
(string.new wtf16 $memory ptr:address codeunits:i32)
  -> str:stringref
(string.const contents:i32)
  -> str:stringref
(string.measure utf8 str:stringref)
(string.measure wtf8 str:stringref)
(string.measure wtf16 str:stringref)
wtf8 policy ::= 'utf8' | 'wtf8' | 'replace'
(string.encode wtf8 $memory $wtf8 policy str:stringref p
(string.encode wtf16 $memory str:stringref ptr:address)
(string.concat a:stringref b:stringref) -> stringref
(string.eq a:stringref b:stringref) -> i32
(string.is usv sequence str:stringref)
```





#### stringview wtf8

- (string.as wtf8 str:stringref) -> view:stringview wtf8 (stringview wtf8.advance view:stringview wtf8 pos:i32 by -> next pos:i32 (stringview wtf8.encode \$memory \$wtf8 policy view:string -> next pos:i32, bytes:i32 (stringview wtf8.slice view:stringview wtf8 start:i32 end -> str:stringref



#### stringview wtf16

- (string.as wtf16 str:stringref) -> view:stringview wtf16 (stringview wtf16.length view:stringview wtf16) -> length:i32 (stringview wtf16.get codeunit view:stringview wtf16 pos -> codeunit:i32 (stringview wtf16.encode \$memory view:stringview wtf16 p (stringview wtf16.slice view:stringview wtf16 start:i32 -> str:stringref



#### stringview iter

```
(string.as iter str:stringref)
 -> view:stringview iter
(stringview iter.cur view:stringview iter)
 -> codepoint:i32
(stringview iter.advance view:stringview iter codepoints
 -> codepoints:i32
(stringview iter.rewind view:stringview iter codepoints:
 -> codepoints:i32
(stringview iter.slice view:stringview iter codepoints:i
 -> str:stringref
```



# Relation to GC

write

- Not dependent on GC MVP
- Same family though
- Best "like externref" formulation is in terms of heaptype, from typed function references
- Will want array u16, array u8 read/

## Open questions

Type rel variants eq super Utility of Perform

- Type relationship of stringview variants
- eq supertype or not?
- Utility of WTF-8 view
- Performance proof

#### A https://github.com/wingo/wasm-jit/blob/main/interp.py

26		
27	def	<pre>write_string(string):</pre>
28		utf8 = string. <mark>encode('</mark> u
29		<pre>ptr = interplib.allocat</pre>
30		<pre>ptr = interplib.allocat</pre>
31		dst = interplib.memory.
32		<pre>for i in range(0,len(ut</pre>
33		dst[ptr + i] = utf8
34		dst[ptr + len(utf8)] =
35		<mark>return</mark> ptr

- utf-8')
- teBytes(len(utf8) + 1)
- teBytes(len(utf8) + 1)
- .data\_ptr(wasmtime.loader.store)
- tf8)):
- 8[i]
- 0

#### next steps

- CG meeting 26 April: phase 1? Move repo to WebAssembly org Q2-Q3: Prototyping in V8 Q3-Q4: Toolchain (LLVM, Binaryen) https://github.com/wingo/ stringrefs/
- wingo@igalia.com